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Colloquium of the Physics Department of ENS

Mercredi 10 Mai 2023, 13 :30

DPT-PHYS-ENS, ConfIV (E244) - 24 rue Lhomond 75005 PARIS

Domaines : physics

Titre : *Statistical physics for climate sciences : application to wave turbulence, extreme heat waves, and extremes of renewable energy production*

Orateur : **Freddy Bouchet (LMD-ENS & CNRS)**

Résumé : *I will discuss several examples where statistical physics and large deviation theory can be useful to solve fundamental problems for the dynamics of the climate system. The first example will be a theoretical contribution to the kinetic theory of wave turbulence. Wave turbulence plays an important role for atmosphere/ ocean physical exchanges and for mixing of the ocean interior. I will explain how large deviation theory allows to extend this classical theory to compute effects of typical and rare spontaneous fluctuations. I will explain how this can be used for stochastic parameterization for wave energy propagation. A large part of the talk will be dedicated to extreme heat waves. Extreme events or transitions between climate attractors are of primary importance for understanding the impact of climate change. Recent extreme heat waves, with huge impact, are striking examples. However, they cannot be studied with conventional approaches, because they are too rare and realistic models are too complex. We will discuss several new algorithms and theoretical approaches, based on large deviation theory, rare event simulations, and machine learning for stochastic processes, which we have specifically designed for the prediction of extreme heat waves. Using the best available climate models, our approach sheds new light on the fluid mechanics processes which lead to these events. We will describe quasi-stationary patterns of turbulent Rossby waves that lead to global teleconnection patterns in connection with heat waves and analyze their dynamics. At the end of the talk, I will briefly outline current projects where we use the same tools to study extremes of renewable energy production and their connection with climate dynamics. Those rare events are key for the future of the European*

electricity system.
